



## ROSEMONT SCHOOL CRITICAL INCIDENT POLICY

Reviewed: August 2018

Due for review: 2020

### **Definition:**

“A critical incident is any incident or sequence of events which overwhelms the normal coping mechanisms of the school”

### **Critical Incidents:**

The following list, though not exhaustive, delineates the kinds of incidents that may be categorised as critical incidents.

- Family bereavement
- Death, serious illness or serious accident involving a member of the school community
- Suicide of a member of the school community
- Serious damage to the school buildings through fire, flood, vandalism or some other cause
- Serious emergency on school premises
- Serious violence or the threat of serious violence to a member of the school community either within or outside the school
- Serious injury or death of a student while involved in a school activity
- Intrusion into the school
- Disappearance of a member of the school community
- An accident or a tragedy in the wider community
- Road Traffic Accidents and Violent Deaths

Critical Incident during State Exams:

Contact SEC Supervisor can help students to settle down suggesting to start a particular Question; The integrity of the exam cannot be breached -time lost can be made up and the school authority must vouch that the student can be accounted for during absent time.

### **Prevention:**

Rosemont School aims to protect the wellbeing of its students by providing a safe and nurturing environment at all times. The school has taken a number of measures to create a coping,

supportive and caring ethos in the school. The school has also formulated a number of policies and procedures to be followed with a view to ensuring the physical and psychological safety of both staff and students during the normal course of the school day and in the event of a critical incident. A number of staff members have undergone First Aid training, and they may be called upon in the event of a critical incident.

**Immediate steps:**

1. Core Critical Incident Management Team meet: P; DP; key Class Teacher; BOM teacher nominees; Office administrator. Confirm Roles at the first meeting in the event of an incident. Inform Chairperson of the BOM immediately if required
2. Establish facts as the events happened
3. Outline Immediate Response
4. Inform
5. Short-term Action
  - a. Students
  - b. Staff
  - c. Parents
6. Funeral Service arrangements (if applicable)
7. NEPS “Responding to Critical Incidents” Pack: The Principal will arrange for copies of this excellent pack of advice to be available immediately a crisis occurs

**Rosemont School’s Critical Incident Management Team includes:**

Team Leader:	Principal (or DP)
Garda Liaison:	Principal (or DP)
Staff Liaison:	Staff nominee on BOM (or DP)
Student Liaison:	Class Teacher
Parent Liaison:	P/DP/appropriate teacher/Chairperson of BOM
Community Liaison:	Office administrator
Media Liaison:	P/DP/Chairperson of BOM
Administrator:	Office administrator

**Broader resource team:**

- The School Chaplain
- The Class Teachers and all Subject Teachers
- The Coaches
- ISA
- General Manager & The Caretaker

The Critical Incident Management Team may co-opt other members of staff to assist them, should they deem it necessary.

## **Procedures to be followed in the Event of a Critical Incident Occurring**

### **1. Establish Facts as the events happened**

It is crucial that the school has the correct information regarding the crisis. Therefore, it is important that the first action taken by the Critical Incident Management team is to assemble and establish the facts as the events happened - this may involve contacting hospitals, The Gardaí or parents. In the case of a suspected suicide, it is particularly important that the word "suicide" is not used unless the facts incontrovertibly support that description. No assumptions should be made.

### **2. Outline Immediate Response**

The team will agree an immediate plan of action which may involve:

- informing students and remaining staff, (teaching and non teaching), especially the school Chaplain, class teachers and coaches, and the BOM chairperson
- Contacting parents
- Visiting the home of the bereaved
- Organising a school assembly or service
- Deploying the remainder of the pastoral care team (other Class Teachers and Coaches)
- Alerting outside agencies
- Liaising with those at an accident site (e.g. in the case of an out of school crisis)
- Agreeing a common statement with regard to the crisis
- Establishing a policy for liaising with the press
- Assigning tasks within the group
- Providing rooms for debriefing, meetings, counselling etc
- All staff involved will log telephone calls made and received, meetings held, letters sent and received, important information gathered and will contribute these logs to a central confidential file which will ultimately be held by the Principal in case of follow up after a long time has passed.

### **3. Inform**

It is vital that all those needing information receive it as soon as is practicable. It is helpful if a common statement is agreed when informing students and others. Depending on the nature of the incident, consideration is to be given to the best way of informing those involved. Such a statement will reduce the spread of rumour. Social media makes it very easy for news to travel, so consideration will need to be given as to how to ensure that those involved are contacted in an appropriate way, without social media being involved. The decision re who will make the statement will depend on the circumstances, and may be the Principal, Deputy Principal, BOM Chairperson, or another appointed person.

Staff will be informed in the first instance. If at all possible, the students should be told at the same time or soon after in no larger than normal class size.

The statement should seek to:

- be communicated in a sensitive manner
- give the facts as they are known
- highlight the supports that will be available
- indicate the actions that are planned

In the case where an accident has occurred on a school trip, a similar statement is needed to assist those who will be telephoning relatives. It is preferable to have a group of people involved so that all concerned are informed in or around the same time.

Some further considerations in contacting parents:

- Enquire if the parent is alone or has someone to offer support. It is important to ensure that it is safe for the parent to take the call (i.e. they are not driving/that there are no small children present)
- Carefully review with the parent that the information given has been fully understood
- Offer any practical help needed - transport, phone numbers, contact names
- Alerting parents to the trauma will help them when they subsequently make contact with their child
- Liaising with the Press:  
If there are to be enquiries from the press, it is important that only one person acts as a liaison – this will usually be the Principal. All staff and students are to be told that all press enquiries are to be referred to the Principal. No other discussion with the press should take place and no interviews should be given without the approval of the Principal and usually in his/her presence.

In contact with the press:

- priority will be given to the sensitivities and needs of those affected directly by the crisis
- names, addresses and telephone numbers of those affected will not be released
- facts will be relayed and speculation avoided
- likely questions will be considered and a response to them prepared
- a time and place for briefings will be agreed with the press if this is necessary in an on-going situation

Others to be informed:

When possible, the chairperson of the Board of Management will be informed immediately, and he/she will decide whether an emergency meeting of the BOM and/or School Management

Team is necessary. If appropriate, the Principal will instruct the Administrator to inform the school's insurance company and other concerned agencies immediately.

#### 4. **Short-term Action:**

The action that is needed in the short term will obviously be very dependent on the nature of the crisis. Actions should be followed under a number of headings:

#### **Students**

- Sustain an atmosphere where it is okay to talk about the experience. This will require the availability of staff and others. It will entail sensitivity to the time needed for such sharing. Care should be taken to balance the need to continue with the normal routine and the accessibility of support personnel for students
- The most essential quality in adults needed by students is that of listening. In addition to the visiting of counsellors/class teachers/ Coaches/chaplain, such a system may involve those staff that are willing and able to offer support, outside professionals where required, time and resources to carry out their role, a method of supporting each other, and a review of their effectiveness.
- Encourage contact with home in the initial stages of a crisis. Parents need to be able to contact the school if they have information that will help the school in any way in caring for their child ☒
- Involvement of students in any funeral or other services. This requires invitation, planning and review. The families involved need to be consulted, the students invited to take part, time given to prepare for this participation and finally a debriefing of those concerned
- Some form of ritual (assembly, service etc) is likely to take place. Students should be carefully consulted as to the nature of such a ritual. Such an experience may also be of great benefit to staff and parents. This may take place in the oratory in consultation with the Chaplain
- Attention needs to be given to the possible signs of distress being exhibited by students. In noticing possible signs, it is important to say that these are not necessarily indicative of stress in relation to a trauma. Rather they are merely prompts to staff as they 'watch out' for the students in their care. Such signs will be related to uncharacteristic behaviour for example, being unusually quiet. It is important that staff discuss signs with others before drawing conclusions
- Students need to be asked their 'permission' regarding discussing their feelings and reactions to a crisis. The class teacher is a key person in addressing the needs of individual students
- Freedom to be upset is important for anyone responding to a trauma. The school needs

to ask itself how it creates a safe atmosphere for this to occur. There must be an empathic approach from members of staff and a place for students to retreat to for a short time might be appropriate, e.g. the oratory

- Students not directly involved with the trauma may also be affected. Allowing students to express their sympathy can be a catalyst for such students - writing a card, attending a service, paying respects. (It may be useful to have a representative from the school to visit the home. They may be able to feedback and advise accordingly)
- Constant reminders will need to be given in relation to the supports that are available, that students will react in different ways and at different times
- Focus on the friends of a bereaved student as they can be the best source of support. Often the bereaved student may not wish to speak to an adult and may rely heavily on friends. These friends may need support as they attempt to find ways to be of help

## **5. Staff**

- Many staff, following a trauma, may need to air their feelings and reactions. It will be helpful to consider a number of possibilities such as: availability of the pastoral team; contacts for professional help; a staff reflection time; a de-briefing meeting of the staff; a simple confidential questionnaire to determine the needs of the staff
- Care needs to be taken of those staff directly involved with a trauma that they receive support, are not overworked, and are able to de-brief
- Staff who feel, for whatever reason, that they are unable to be involved in the school's direct response to the trauma should be able to readily opt out
- Those staff having any concerns about students or others in relation to the trauma should have easy access to personnel who can assist them
- The Class Teachers and Coaches, and other members of the pastoral team will be the key resource in short and medium term response. They need to be facilitated, resourced and supported in their task. It is vital that they regularly meet with the principal in reviewing progress. It will be this group who can liaise with and support the staff
- The Principal will also need to ensure she/he is receiving support. The weight of responsibility surrounding a crisis may be enormous. Principals are often people who are very competent in practically responding to a crisis. Nonetheless, the Principal needs to have a care for their own wellbeing and seek whatever support is appropriate within and without the school community. Staff should be aware of the need to support other staff members who are dealing directly with the crisis. Constructive suggestions should be given to the Principal, Deputy Principal or class teacher

## **6. Parents**

- The school will have some role to play in supporting parents concerned with a trauma.

This will vary depending on the nature of the crisis and the resources available to the school

- Provide contact people for parents to liaise with, particularly in regard to monitoring the progress of their children
- Put parents in contact with each other if it is appropriate
- Discuss with involved parents and/or parents involved in Board of Management what action can be taken to support those concerned ☒
- If appropriate, involve parents in a school service or assembly following a tragedy

### **7. Funeral Service Arrangements (if applicable)**

- Decide what form of representation is appropriate. It is essential, where possible, to consult the family concerned. Do not presume that the bereaved family will appreciate a very public presence of the school.
- Prepare students ahead of the funeral. For some this may be the first occasion they have been exposed to a major grief. Take time after the event to de-brief students
- For those students who wish, encourage and assist them to write a personal message of sympathy. Consider also a common expression from students and/or staff
- Check out, perhaps with the funeral directors, the arrangements concerning floral tributes. Any accompanying message should be handwritten
- If possible, representatives of the school should visit the home of the bereaved. If students request to visit the home, phone ahead to check that this is appropriate. Visiting the bereaved may be distressing - support those involved

### **8. Medium and Long-term Action.**

The following are a selection of the possibilities worthy of consideration:

- Students returning to school after a major accident or bereavement cannot easily be categorised in terms of their needs. **The Coaches and Class Teachers will be a key resource in seeking to support each student appropriately.** Care should be taken to monitor: the relationships with peers and teachers; falling behind in academic and other work; involvement in extra-curricular activities
- Consider if a special day of reflection would benefit the class affected by a tragedy
- Consider whether a bereavement programme from an outside agency would be of assistance. (Rainbows etc)
- Review of curricular provision, specialist staff training and links with outside agencies in the area of change, loss, death and crisis issues
- When a subsequent bereavement occurs in the school setting, take care to support

those who were bereaved previously as this subsequent trauma may trigger deep emotional reactions

- An annual remembrance service for all those connected to the school community who have died. Students, staff and parents can be encouraged to record the names of those they would like remembered
- The dedication of a tree, special garden, piece of artwork, notice board to recall those who have died

### **NEPS “Responding to Critical Incidents” Pack**

The Principal will arrange for copies of this excellent pack of advice to be available immediately a crisis occurs.

### **Evaluation and review**

This policy will be reviewed after an incident, should there ever be one, or early September in the absence of an incident.

### **Emergency Contact Numbers for Rosemont School and Staff**

<b>GARDAI</b>	<b>016665200</b>
<b>AMBULANCE</b>	<b>999</b>
<b>ST VINCENTS HOSPITAL</b>	<b>012214000</b>
<b>FIRE BRIGADE</b>	<b>999</b>
<b>DES</b>	<b>090 6442700</b>
<b>Parish priest/clergy</b>	<b>Fr Philip: 087-220 3090</b>
	<b>Fr. Andrew: 295 6414/2956317</b>
<b>N.E.P.S. Psychologist</b>	<b>01 8896400</b>
<b>Local GPs (Stepaside Medical)</b>	<b>Fiona Grant: 01 294 8988</b>
<b>HSE Joanne Cullen - Child and Family Agency, (Tusla) Dublin South East</b>	<b>01-4150533</b>
<b>State Exams Commission – Emergency helpline</b>	<b>0906 442700</b>
<b>Employee Assistance Service (Carecall)</b>	<b>1800 411 057</b>

### **Useful Contact Numbers**

<b>BARNARDOS</b>	<b>014530355</b>
<b>THE SAMARITANS</b>	<b>1850609090</b>
<b>CHILDLINE</b>	<b>1800666666</b>

<b>PARENTLINE</b>	<b>1890927277</b>
<b>AWARE 016766166</b>	<b>1890303302</b>
<b>RAINBOWS</b>	<b>014734175</b>
<b>BEREAVEMENT COUNSELLING SERVICE</b>	<b>018391766</b>
<b>BEREAVEMENT COUNSELLING</b>	<b>016767727</b>
<b>NATIONAL SUICIDE BEREAVEMENT SUPPORT</b>	<b>02495561</b>

**STAFF CONTACT NUMBERS**

**The Principal, Deputy Principal and Administrator have a list of all Staff Contact telephone numbers.**

### **Sample letter to parents/guardians**

Dear Parents/Guardians,

The school has experienced (the sudden death/injury) to one of our Students/Staff. We are deeply saddened by this death/injury

(Brief details of the incident, and in the case of death, perhaps some positive remembrances of persons lost).

We have support structures in place to help your child cope with this tragedy.

(Elaborate)

It is possible that your daughter may have some feelings that she may like to discuss with you.

You can help your daughter by taking time to listen to her and encouraging her to express her feelings. It is important to give truthful information that is appropriate to her age.

If you would like any advice or support you may contact the following people at school (details)

Principal